



## **OP PROGRAMME OF INQUIRY - PYP 6 (2021-22)**

| PYP 6                          | Unit 1  | Unit 2   | Unit 3   | Unit 4  | Unit 5   | Unit 6   |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Transdis                       | Who we are  | How the world works  | Where we are in place and time   | Sharing the Planet  | How do we organise ourselves   | How do we express ourselves  |
| ciplinary<br>Theme             | An inquiry into the nature of the self, beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.   | An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment. | An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind;  | An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.  | An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.  | An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.                               |
| Unit<br>Title                  | Change Affects the Sense of Self  | Energy For Survival  | On the Move  | PYP Exhibition  | Governments  | I Am Who I Am  |
| Central<br>Idea                | The choices people make affect their health and wellbeing.  | Human survival depends upon changing and controlling forms of energy.  | Human migration is a response to challenges, risks and opportunities.  | Individuals and groups connect and organize to solve problems and take action.  | Government systems and decisions can promote or deny equal opportunities and social justice.   | People express and promote<br>their points of view in a variety<br>of ways.  |
| Literacy                       | Novel: Among the Hidden   | Novel: The Boy Who Harnessed the Wind  | Novel: Journey to Jo'burg  | Novel: City of Ember  | Novel: The Green Book  | Novel: Wonder  |
|                                | Genre: Recounts, Descriptions   | Genre: Explanations, Instructions,<br>Magazines (science)  | Genre: Descriptions, Creative writing.   | Genre: Media & Tech focus   | Genre: Interviews, Persuasive w. , Argumentative w.,Debates  | Genre: Poetry, Creative writing  |
| Key and<br>related<br>concepts | Function: How does it work? An examination of the feelings, beliefs and behaviours affecting our interactions with others and the environment.  Causation: Why is it like this? Our personal, social and physical wellbeing, as well as our relationships, are influenced by our feelings, beliefs and behaviours, and their causing factors. | Form: What is it like? Most things have a form or shape with an outward or visible manifestation and an internal structure.  Function: How does it work? The special activities, properties or purposes, natural or endowed, of a creature or thing.   | Function: How does it work? Everything has a purpose, a role, or a way of behaving that can be investigated.  Perspective: What are the different points of view? Knowledge is moderated by perspectives. Different perspectives lead to different interpretations, understandings and findings. Perspectives may be | What are the key concepts (form, function, causation, change, connection, perspective, responsibility, reflection) to be emphasized within this inquiry? Form - What is it like? Function - How does it work? Causation - Why is it like this? Change - How is it changing? Connection - How is it connected to other things? | Connection: How is it connected to other things? We live in a world of interacting systems in which the actions of any individual element affect others.  Responsibility: What is our responsibility? People make choices based on their understanding and the actions | Perspective: What are the points of view? Arts allow for the opportunity of creative choice. Different points of view naturally arise depending on whether an individual is creating or composing, performing or displaying, viewing or listening. |





|                     | OURPLANET  |  |  |  |  | ONOW NO 3   |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|
|                     | Responsibility: What is our responsibility? Informed and appropriate choices leading to responsible actions make a difference to or health, wellbeing, community and the environment  Related concepts: maturity, life cycle, well-being | Connection: How is it connected to other things? The world is full of interacting systems that depend on each other to form a working whole.  Related concepts: Conservation of energy, forms of energy, conduction and convection   | individual, group, cultural or disciplinary.  Related concepts: migration, displacement, diaspora  | Perspective - What are the points of view? Responsibility - What is our responsibility? Reflection - How do we know?   | they take as a result do make a difference.  Perspective: What are the different points of view? Knowledge is moderated by perspectives. Different perspectives lead to different interpretations, understandings and findings. Perspectives may be individual, group, cultural or disciplinary.   | Connection: How is it connected to other things? Arts are a universal language by which we can communicate within and across cultures.  Related concepts: identity, self-awareness,   |
| Lines of<br>Enquiry | <ul> <li>The concept of wellbeing</li> <li>The interdependent relationship between physical, mental, social and spiritual wellbeing.</li> <li>Who is responsible for promoting and maintaining our wellbeing?</li> </ul>                 | Types and uses of energy The transformation of energy to sustain life.   | <ul> <li>Factors that affect migration</li> <li>Challenges and opportunities</li> </ul>  | What lines of inquiry will define the scope of the inquiry into the central idea?  1. Our responsibilities to our community 2. Our group relationships 3. Our global citizenship | Related concepts: decision-making, citizenship  Government systems Human rights and social justice Responsibilities of governments   | <ul> <li>Different forms of expression</li> <li>How we choose to express our identify</li> <li>The shared qualities of the arts (perspective, viewpoint, style, format)</li> </ul>  |
| ATL<br>Focus        | Self Management Skills: States of mind Using strategies that manage state of mind  Research Skills: Data gathering and recording Evaluating and communicating  Communication Skills: Communication by language (Reading)                 | Thinking Skills: Critical thinking Analysing and evaluating issues and ideas, and forming decisions  Self-Management Skills: Organization Managing time and tasks effectively  Research Skills: Information literacy - Formulating and planning, data gathering and recording, synthesizing and interpreting, evaluating and communicating | Thinking Skills:  Critical thinking Analysing and evaluating issues and ideas, and forming decisions Information transfer Using skills and knowledge in multiple contexts  Social Skills: Interpersonal relationships, social and emotional intelligence Developing positive interpersonal relationships and collaboration | Communication Skills: Self Management Skills: Thinking Skills: Research Skills: Social Skills:   | Thinking Skills: Creative thinking - Generating novel ideas and considering new perspectives.  Research Skills: Media literacy - Interacting with media to use and create ideas and information  Ethical use of media/ information Understanding and applying social and ethical technology  Communication Skills: Information literacy Formulating and planning, data gathering and recording, synthesizing and interpretting, evaluating and communicating | Thinking Skills Creative thinking - Generating novel ideas and considering new perspectives.  Research Skills: Information literacy Formulating and planning, data gathering and recording, synthesizing and interpreting, evaluating and communicating  • Apply existing knowledge to design new products, processes, media and technologies.  • Consider multiple alternatives, including those that might be unlikely or impossible. |





|          | international School<br>MUSCAT                     |   |  |             |   | Practise flexible     thinking—develop     multiple opposing,     contradictory and     complementary     arguments. |
|----------|--|---|--|-------------|---|--|
| Subjects | Science, PSPE, Language (English and Arabic), Math | Science, PSPE, Language (English<br>and Arabic), Math, Social Studies | Language (English and Arabic),<br>Math, Social Studies, French | *PYP X      | Language (English and Arabic),<br>Social Studies, Music | Language (English and Arabic),<br>Math, Social Studies, Visual<br>Arts, Music  |
| Learner  | Balanced   | Thinker   | Open minded  | Risk Takers | Principled  | Open-Minded  |
| Profile  | Knowledgeable                                      | Inquirer  | Caring   | Inquirers   | Balanced  | Communicator   |
|          | Reflective   | Knowledgeable   |  |             |   | Risk-taker   |
| Length   | 8 weeks  | 6 weeks   | 6 weeks  | 8 weeks     | 6 weeks   | 6 weeks  |